

## **Residuals**

In the context of least squares (or any other Wfitting method, e.g. MLE) the residuals are the difference between a model function and the experimental data. In least squares usually the weighted residuals trace is shown:

 $\$ R\_{wgt}(t\_i)={{D\left(\mbox{model parameters},t\_i\right)-D\_i^{exp}} \over {w\_i}}\$\$

 $(D_i^{exp} | t_i)$  is the i-th data point of an experimental data set,  $D\left(\frac{mbox{model parameters}}{t_i\right)$  is the model equation at the observed points  $t^{\{\}}_i$ .

The weighting factor  $w^{\{}_i$  describes the experimental uncertainty of each individual data point. For TCSPC data  $w^{\{}_i$  is defined as

\$\$w\_i=\sqrt{D\_i^{exp}}\$\$

The resudials trace is of importance within any framework concerned with fitting, as the SymPhoTime software or FluoFit.

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